POLYUREA IG HO

Pure polyurea membrane for waterproofing in spray applications extra fast curing and fire retardant



DESCRIPTION

Polyurea IG HO fast is a 2-component polyurea system for elastic membrane application with crack-bridging capability. The product has fireretardant properties, cored to an standardpolyurea. It is an extra fast-curing system that canonly be applied by hot mechanical sprayingequipment.Polyurea
Rayston IG HOcan be combined with different geotextiles to obtain on site applied, seamless liners.



APPLICATIONS

Waterproofing of concrete structures. Roof waterproofing. Sewage and wastewater treatment structures. Onsite applied liners, totally seamless, for secondary containment applications, ponds, landfills, tunnels, canals, dam repairing.

Polyurea Rayston IG HO can be completed with an aliphatic polyurethane topcoat to ensure UV protection.



PROPERTIES

- Crack-bridging capability. Highly elastic membrane.
- Very fast curing, using twocomponent spraying equipment.
- It has fire retardant properties over a standard Pure Polyuera. It is non combustible according to UNE 3-127:2002.
- It can be pigmented.



CERTIFICATIONS

Applus (Independent laboratory):

Drinking water certification (Migration test). 928/09/8505

Low-temperature foldability: 11/2855-1313 Mechanical properties: 11/2855-1314

Dynamic and Static indentation test according to EOTA. 11/2855-1315

AITEX (Independent laboratory). Mechanical properties EN ISO 527-1/3. Static

indentation/CBR UNE-ENISO

12236:2007. Tear, according to UNE-EN ISO 34-1:2011. Resistance to Fire

according to UNE-53-127-2002.

TECHNICAL DATA

INFORMATION ON THE PRODUCT BEFORE APPLICATION				
	Component A	Component B		
Chemical description	Polyamine	Aromatic isocyanate		
		prepolymer		
Physical state	Liquid	Liquid		
Packaging Note: Pigment is delivered in a third container. See Pigment Spray data sheet for specific details.	Metal container 185 kg	Metal container 211 kg		
Non-volatile content (%)	100%	100%		
Flash point	>100°C	>100°C		
Colour	Yellow (without pigment)	Yellow		
Density	Temp (°C) Density (g/cm3)	Temp (°C) Density (g/cm3)		

	20 60	1,02 1.01	20 60	1,12 1,10	
Viscosity	- (20)				
Approximate values	Temp (°C)	Viscosity (.s)	emp (°C)	Viscosity (.s)	
Brookfield	20	200	 20	500	
	60	<50	 30	<100	

A/B mixing ratio	A=100, B=117 by weight	
	A=100, B=100 by volume	
Density and viscosity of the AB mixture	Fast polymerization (see pot life data)	
Colour	Dark yellow, but component A is pigmented by addition of pigment paste (Pigment Spray) delivered with each kit of Polyurea IG HO.	
Curing performance	Gel time mixture A+B (20 g) 4 s at 25°C 3 s at 60°C Tack free time 30 s at 70°C	
Storage	Keep between 10°C and 30°C.	
Use before	12 months after manufacturing date.	

INFORMATION ON THE FINAL PRODUCT			
Final state	Elastomeric solid membrane		
Colour	Available Pigment Spray pastes are blue RAL 5015, gray RAL 7011. Tile red, Beige RAL 1001. Other pastes are available under request.		
Gloss (60°)	80-85		
Hardness (shore)	87A 35D		
Mechanical properties	Floogation (%) Tensile strength ()		

Lionganon (70)	Toriono otrongtii ()
50	9.8
100	11
200	13
300	15.5
324	16.2
Maximum elongation: 324%	
Tensile strength: 16,2	
(UNE EN ISO 527-1/3)	
Tear strength 61.8 N/mm	
(UNE EN ISO 527-1/3)	

Chemical	Immersion to	est.	
resistance	(0=not recor	nmended, 5=best)	
Ch	emical	Conditions	Result
V	Vater	15d, 80°C	5
Salt water	er (saturation)	15d, 80°C	5
X	ylene	7d, 80°C	2
Ethy	l acetate	7d, 80°C	1
Isopro	pyl alcohol	7d, 80°C	0
Sodium hy	droxide (50%)	7d, 80°C	5
Hydrogen i	peroxide (33%)	7d, 25°C	4
Sulphuri	c acid (10%)	7d, 80°C	5
Sulphuri	c acid (30%)	30d, 80°C	4
B	leach	7d, 80°C	4
Amm	onia (3%)	7d, 80°C	5
	Diesel	16d, 80°C	5
Hydrochloric	acid 12M (37%)	7d, 80°C	0
Hydrochlori	c acid 6M (18%)	7d, 80°C	1
Hydrochlor	ic acid 3M (9%)	7d, 80°C	4
Hydrochloric	acid 0.75M (2%)	7d, 80°C	5
Sodium h	ychlorite 15%	7d, 80°C	4
En	gine oil	7d, 80°C	5
Crude	petroleum	21d, 80°C	5
Sulfam	ic acid 85%	7d, 60°C	4
Ole	eic acid	7d, 80°C	0
Gl	ycerine	7d, 80°C	5
Adhesion			

strength		
Strength	Surface	Adhesion strength ()
	Concrete (with epoxy	4.0
	primer)	
	Plywood (with epoxy	1.6 (cohesive wood



C/ Martí i Franquès, 12 - Pol. Ind. les Tàpies 43890 - l'Hospitalet de l'Infant - Spain Tel: +34 977 822 245 - Fax: +34 977 823 977 www.kryptonchemical.com - rayston@kryptonchemical.com

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	primer) Steel (PU primer)	failure) 5.0	
UV resistance	Polyurea IG HO initier) 5.0 Polyurea IG HO is an aromatic isocyanate based product. A colour change is to be expected under sunlight. This change does not affect its mechanical properties. An additional UV protection can be provided with an Impertrans/Colodur topcoat.		
Abrasion resistance	10 mg (Taber, 1000 c. CS-10, 1	kg)	
Tear strength	69 N/mm (ISO 34-1, method B)		
Thermal resistance	Stable up to 200°C (6-hour test) According to low temperature te 2001), the membrane can be fol cracking or breaks.	sts, (UNE_EN 495-	
Water permeability EN ISO 7783	0,9 g/m2 * d Class II as per EN1504-2		
Liquid water permeability EN 1062-3;2008	0,002 kg/m2 h0,5		
Indentation	Polyurea IG HO gives, at 2-mm to indentation equivalent to a p4 kg/cm2) at TH4 (90°C) as direct ETAG 005.	level (approx 25	
	The combined liner of Polyurea geotextiles gives an static inden than 4000 kN (UNE-EN ISO 122	tation resistance higher	

SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

In order to achieve a good penetration and bonding, support must be:

- 1. Flat and levelled
- 2. Coct and cohesive (pull off test must show a minimum resistance of
- 1,4N/mm2)
- 3. Even and regular surface
- 4. Free from cracks and fissures. If any, they must be previously repaired.
- 5. Clean and dry, free of dust, loose particles, oils, organic residues or laitance

Support temperature must be between 10°C and 40°C. Support moisture must be less than 4%

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY CONDITIONS

Air temperature should be between 10° C and 40° C. Relative air humidity should be less than 85%.

SUPPORT PREPARATION

Concrete substrates must be prepared mechanically using high pressure sand or abrasion, in order to remove the surface and obtain an open pore. Substrates must be primed and levelled until a regular surface is obtained. Sharp irregularities are eliminated using an abrading disc machine.

Eliminate all dust and loose particles from the substrate by brushing or vacuum cleaning. If underlying moisture is suspected, it is recommended to apply 2 coats of epoxy (Rayston Epoxy primer). First one as such and the second one with quartz sand spreaded over.

MIXING

Stir and homogenise separately both components using suitable mixing equipment before being loaded into the machine. Best Mixing equipment should have extensible blades with overall width equivalent to 1/3 of drum diameter. Add the required Pigment Spray to the A-component and stir before loading. Recirculate both components while heating up to the required application temperatures.

APPLICATION AND RECOMMENDED QUANTITIES

Polyurea IG HO must be applied using 2-component hot spraying equipment. Recommended temperatures are:

• Component A: 55-65°C

Component B: 65-70°C

Pressure must be adjusted to 140 bar.

During spraying, check coating thickness to ensure curing evolution is correct. Polyurea IG HO is applied at 1,5-2,0 kg/m2, obtaining a 1,5-2 mm thickness. Please contact Krypton Chemical for specific application details.



/D//DTGN: GUITHUGAL GU

KRYPTON CHEMICAL SL
C/ Martí i Franquès, 12 - Pol. Ind. les Tàpies
43890 - l'Hospitalet de l'Infant - Spain
Tel: +34 977 822 245 - Fax: +34 977 823 977

www.kryptonchemical.com - rayston@kryptonchemical.com

Polyurea IG HO cures to touch after a few minutes after application. Approximate hardness values are provided here as reference only (1 mm, polypropylene support, 25°C 50% RH)

time	Hardness shore A	
5 min	28	
10min	40	
20 min	55	
1 hr	70	
24 hrs	80	
4 days	88	

RECOATING

CURING TIME

It is recommended to obtain the right thickness with a single application. Where an epoxy primer has been previously applied, spray Polyurea IG HO Fast only after the primer is fully cured.

RETURN TO SERVICE

Under most conditions (25°C, 50% rh), the membrane is rain-resistant after 10 minutes.

TOOL CLEANING

In order to keep equipment in good conditions (spraying gun, gaskets), it is recommended not to use solvents. A cleaning fluid like Rayston Fluid can be used instead. Component B must be thoroughly removed and replaced with this fluid

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

A maintenance work must be carried out regularly on the treated roofs according to the intended use.

This work includes the following tasks:

- · Leaf removal
- · Grass, dirt, moss and other vegetation removal
- Keeping storm water system in good working order.
- Ensure gratings are in place, in order to prevent gutter obstructions
- Check proper condition of several structures (flashing, seams, retaining walls...)
 Verification of possible damages due to improper use.

If aesthetic appearance of the roof is an important issue, it is essential to regularly clean the surface with water (some mild detergent may be added), according to the use.

It may be necessary to reapply decorative layers (Impertrans, Colodur) if they are worn out due to traffic, weather, corrosion, etc.

For stain removal, a surface treatment with Rayston solvent or isopropyl alcohol may be attempted. Strong acids are totally inadequate. Some solvents may damage the membrane. If this happens, the affected area has to be cut and repaired with a new Polyure alG HO application.

FAC

Problem	Question	Answer	Solution
Does not cure or remains sticky	Ratio AB correct?	Different pressure	Check and correct pumping equipment
Bubbles or open holes in the membrane	Porous substrate?	No primer	Apply an Epoxy- type primer before Polyurea Open holes are frequent with fast- curing polyurea
Not enough hiding power	Horizontal?	Too few No pigment	Use 1 kg/m2 minimum Mix and homogeneize pigment in component A
Gray colour darkens upon exposure to sun	Exposed?	Components react with UV light.	before spraying Apply an aliphatic topcoat afterwards (eg

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Impertrans, Colodur)

SAFETY

Component B of Polyurea IG HO contains isocyanates and Component A contains corrosive polyamines that can cause burns. Always follow the safety instructions in the Material Safety Data Sheet. As a general rule, a good ventilation, protective clothing and respiratory protection is needed (combined organic vapour filtres+particles A2P). This product must be used only for the applications here described. This product is intended for industrial and professional use. It is not suitable for DIY-type applications.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Empty containers must be handled with the same precautions as if they were full. Treat empty containers as hazardous waste, and transfer them to an authorized waste manager. If the containers still have some material left, do not mix with other product with no knowledge of potential dangerous reactions. Component A and B may be mixed on a 1/1 ratio in order to get an inert material, but never do it in volumes larger than 5 litres in order to prevent a dangerous heat evolution.

OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this DATA SHEET, as well as our advice, both written as verbal or provided through testing, are based on our experience, and they do not constitute any product guarantee for the installer, who must consider them as simple information.

We recommend to study deeply all information provided before proceeding to the use or application of any of our products, and strongly advise to conduct tests "on-site" in order to determine their convenience for a specific project. Our recommendations do not exempt of the obligation of installers to deeply study the right application method for these systems before use, as well as to conduct as many preliminary tests as possible should any doubt arise. The application, use and processing of our products are beyond our control, and therefore under the exclusive responsibility of the installer. In consequence, the installer will be the only responsible of any damage derived from the partial or total in-observation of our indications, and in general, of the inappropriate use or application of these materials.

This data sheet supersedes previous versions.



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